FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

 $\frac{\text{INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S}}{\text{REPORT}}$

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



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ROBERTS & MCGEE, CPA

104 PINE STREET, SUITE 710 ABILENE, TEXAS 79601 (325) 701-9502

Becky Roberts, CPA becky.roberts@rm-cpa.net Cell: 325-665-5239

Stacey McGee, CPA stacey.mcgee@rm-cpa.net Cell: 325-201-7244

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court of **Fisher County, Texas:**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fisher County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fisher County, Texas, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and postemployment benefit information on pages 3–8 and 35-41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fisher County, Texas' basic financial statements. The other supplementary schedules on pages 42-58 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Roberts & McGee, CPA

Abilene, Texas June 30, 2022

As management of Fisher County, we offer readers of Fisher County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Fisher County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide Financial Statements

- The assets of Fisher County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,855,354 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,651,633 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. \$809,262 of the County's equity is restricted for debt service and special revenue funds, and \$2,394,459 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The County's total debt and capital leases outstanding at September 30, 2021 is \$5,592,951.
- The total net position (*equity*) of the County increased by \$1,173,390 from operations during the 2021 fiscal year.

Fund Financial Statements

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Fisher County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,502,126. Approximately 70% of the total fund balance amount, \$3,155,998, is unassigned and available for spending at the government's discretion.
- The fund balance in the general fund reflects an increase of \$581,774 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, restricted fund balance for debt service, and special revenue funds was \$809,262, which is an increase of \$117,483 from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Fisher County's basic financial statements. Fisher County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position presents information on all of Fisher County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Fisher County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial statements reflect functions of Fisher County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of Fisher County include general administration, judicial, legal, financial administration, public

facilities, public safety, health and welfare, conservation, other supported services, and road and bridge. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fisher County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Fisher County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus on governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditure, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Fisher County has three governmental fund types which are the general fund, special revenue funds and debt service funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the road and bridge fund, and the debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other non-major governmental funds are combined into the aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-16 of this report.

Fisher County adopts an annual budget for its general fund, road and bridge fund, debt service fund, and various other special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the road and bridge fund on pages 35-36.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governmental units. The County's fiduciary funds are all reported as Agency Funds. Agency funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's basic programs. The basic agency fund financial statement can be found on page 17, and the schedule of changes in the agency assets and liabilities can be found on page 56 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-34 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining statements can be found on pages 42-58 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Fisher County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,855,354 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Fisher County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding of \$3,651,633. Fisher County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Fisher County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Fisher County's Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		2021	2020		
Current assets	\$	5,145,169 \$	3,926,471		
Capital assets and noncurrent assets		8,027,573	8,113,482		
Deferred outflows of resources		570,144	520,833		
Total Assets and Deferred outflows of resources		13,742,886	12,560,786		
		_	_		
Current liabilities		591,596	630,936		
Long-term liabilities		5,424,581	5,712,826		
Deferred inflows of resources		871,355	535,060		
Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of					
resources		6,887,532	6,878,822		
Net investment in capital assets		2,394,459	2,028,841		
Restricted		809,262	691,779		
Unrestricted		3,651,633	2,961,344		
Total net position	\$	6,855,354 \$	5,681,964		

The government's net position increased by \$1,173,390 from operations during the current fiscal year.

Fisher County's Changes in Net Position

		Governmental Activities				
Revenues:		2021	2020			
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	524,764	\$ 495,165			
Operating Grants and Contributions		524,199	278,006			
General Revenues						
Property and Other Taxes		4,622,656	3,801,691			
Investment Income		8,007	29,330			
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		77,238				
Miscellaneous Income		158,315	135,639			
Total Revenues		5,915,179	4,739,831			
P.						
Expenses		(2)((7)	((0.155			
General administration		626,675	668,155			
Judicial		585,830	573,621			
Legal		143,488	135,958			
Financial administration		355,019	361,648			
Public facilities		143,161	46,981			
Public safety		1,342,985	1,095,790			
Health and welfare		130,491	121,317			
Economic opportunity		36,501	28,853			
Other supported services		112,938	112,194			
Highway & street		1,168,285	1,146,019			
Interest on long-term debt		96,416	148,175			
Total expenditures		4,741,789	4,438,711			
Increase in Net Position		1,173,390	301,120			
Net Position - Beginning of Year		5,681,964	5,380,844			
Net Position - End of Year	\$ _	6,855,354	\$ 5,681,964			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTS FUNDS

As noted earlier, Fisher County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Fisher County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Fisher County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Fisher County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,502,126. Approximately 70 percent of this total amount, \$3,155,998 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is assigned, committed or restricted for capital improvements, special revenue and debt service purposes to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. \$3,361,793 of the general fund's fund balance is unassigned. The unassigned fund balance represents 75% of the total general fund expenditures or approximately 18 months of operating equity.

Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget for the General Fund reflected a budgeted surplus of \$145,364. Budget amendments were approved by the Commissioners and the adjusted budget reflected a budgeted surplus of \$151,646. The actual expenditures were \$164,916 less than the final budgeted amounts, and actual revenues were \$262,512 more than was budgeted. This resulted in a favorable budget variance of \$430,128 before other financing sources and uses.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. Fisher County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2021, amounts to \$8,027,573 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

Fisher County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

2021 2020	1
Land \$ 79,868 \$ 79	9,868
Buildings and improvements 6,277,540 6,44	,807
Machinery and equipment 1,646,681 1,49	,460
Infrastructure	5,482
Total \$ 8,027,573 \$ 8,033	3,617

Current year additions to capital outlays amounted to \$432,303 and \$286,682 of capital assets were disposed of. Depreciation expense was \$381,616 and \$493,970 for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Debt Administration

The County has long term debt in the form of general obligation bonds, notes payable, and capital leases within the governmental activities. As of September 30, 2021, the County had long term debt as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General obligation bonds \$ 5,005,000 Notes payable 18,371 Capital leases payable 487,295

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The county adopted a 2021 property tax rate effective for its 2022 fiscal year of 0.731907 per \$100 property valuation. This is compared to the 2020 property tax rate of 0.757703 per \$100 property valuation.
- The County's 2022 fiscal year general fund budget proposed budgeted revenue of \$3,391,511 and budgeted expenses of \$3,325,636. Budgeted revenues are \$73,383 higher than the fiscal year 2021 adjusted budget, and the budgeted expense are \$159,154 more than the adjusted budgeted expenses for fiscal year 2021.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Fisher County's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Fisher County Auditor, PO Box 126 Roby, Texas 79543; (325) 776-3255.



FISHER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		nary Government
	•	Governmental
ASSETS:		Activities
Current:	ф	2 00 5 222
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,995,233
Investments		1,041,202
Receivables:		100.504
Property tax, net		108,734
Total Current assets		5,145,169
Non-current assets:		
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation		8,027,573
Total noncurrent assets		8,027,573
TOTAL ASSETS		13,172,742
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred outflows - pension and OPEB		570,144
Table and the second of the se		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		13,742,886
LIABILITIES:		
Current:		
Accounts payable		123,524
Due to state		8,106
Accrued interest payable		28,324
Long-term liabilities:		
Long term debt - due in less than one year		431,642
Long term debt - due in more than one year		5,161,309
OPEB Liability		228,218
Net pension liability		35,054
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,016,177
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unearned grant revenue		402,683
Deferred inflows - pension and OPEB		468,672
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		871,355
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets		2,394,459
Restricted for debt service		200,737
Restricted for special revenue and capital improvements		608,525
Unrestricted		3,651,633
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	6,855,354

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

FISHER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

										Primary
			_		P	rogram Revenu	es		_	Government
						Operating		Capital	_	
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Function/Program		Expenses	_	Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:										
Governmental activities:										
General administration	\$	626,675	\$	9,277	\$	79,252	\$		\$	(538,146)
Judicial		585,830		150,927		122,836				(312,067)
Legal		143,488				2,135				(141,353)
Financial administration		355,019		10,042						(344,977)
Public facilities		143,161				5,886				(137,275)
Public safety		1,342,985		65,478		34,502				(1,243,005)
Health and welfare		130,491				74,368				(56,123)
Economic opportunity		36,501								(36,501)
Other supported services		112,938								(112,938)
Road and bridge		1,168,285		289,040		205,220				(674,025)
Interest on long-term debt	_	96,416	_							(96,416)
Total governmental activities		4,741,789		524,764		524,199				(3,692,826)
Total primary government	\$_	4,741,789	\$_	524,764	\$	524,199	\$		=	(3,692,826)
	_									
		neral revenues	:							1 600 656
		Property taxes								4,622,656
		nvestment inco								8,007
		Gain on sale of								77,238
	Ν	Miscellaneous i	nco	ome					-	158,315
	То	tal general reve	enu	ies					_	4,866,216
	_								-	
	(Change in net p	osi	tion						1,173,390
	Ne	t position - beg	ginı	ning of year					-	5,681,964
	Ne	t position - end	l of	f year					\$	6,855,354

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Debt Service Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and cash investments Investments	\$	2,293,878 \$ 1,041,202	597,414 \$	334,339
Receivables:				
Taxes Receivable		105,799	12,500	24,710
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(25,360)	(2,992)	(5,923)
Due from Other Funds	_	133,602		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,549,121 \$	606,922 \$	353,126
LIABILITIES	d	5 6.1 5 2.00	25.005.0	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to Other Funds Due to Others	\$	76,173 \$	37,987 \$	133,602
But to saleis	_			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	76,173	37,987	133,602
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned grant revenue		30,716		
Deferred revenue - property taxes		80,439	9,504	18,787
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		111,155	9,504	18,787
FUND BLANCE Committed fund balance				
Assigned fund balance				
Restricted for debt service				200,737
Restricted for special revenue and capital improvements			559,431	200,737
Unassigned		3,361,793		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		3,361,793	559,431	200,737
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	3,549,121 \$	606,922 \$	353,126

	ARPA Grant Fund	• •	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	371,967	\$	397,635	\$	3,995,233 1,041,202
		• •			143,009 (34,275) 133,602
\$	371,967	\$	397,635	\$	5,278,771
\$		\$	9,364	\$	123,524
Ψ		Ψ	7,504	Ψ	133,602
			8,106		8,106
			17,470		265,232
	371,967	. ,			402,683 108,730
	371,967				511,413
			400,143		400,143
			136,723		136,723
			49,094		200,737
			(205,795)		608,525 3,155,998
					_
		. ,	380,165		4,502,126
\$	371,967	\$	397,635	\$	5,278,771

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	4,502,126
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The net effect is an increase in net position.	t	8,027,573
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred revenue is recognized in the government-wide financial statements. This results is an increase in net position.		108,730
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The net effect is a decrease in net position.	t	(5,621,275)
Included on the government-wide financial statements is the recognition of the County's proportionate share of the OPEB liabilities of \$228,218 and a deferred outflow of resources of \$47,972 and deferred inflows of resources of \$16,812. The net effect is a decrease to net position.	f	(197,057)
Included on the government-wide financial statements is the recognition of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability of \$35,054, a deferred outflow of resources of \$522,172, and a deferred inflow of resources of \$451,861. The net effect is to increase net position.	f	35,257
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	6,855,354

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE $\underline{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Debt Service Fund
REVENUES:			_	_
Property taxes	\$	3,214,383 \$	943,984 \$	471,259
Licenses and permits			289,040	
Fees and charges for services		165,633		
Intergovernmental		128,044		
Investment earnings		7,767		
Contribution and Donations		65.510	C 1 C 5 5	
Other miscellaneous	_	67,513	64,657	_
Total Revenues	_	3,583,340	1,297,681	471,259
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General administration		607,041		
Judicial		491,330		
Legal		141,515		
Financial administration		352,572		
Public facilities				
Public safety		1,146,122		
Health and welfare		12,074		
Highway & street			977,167	
Economic opportunity		36,354		
Other supported services		109,991		
Debt service			101,916	464,219
Capital outlay		104,567	327,736	
Total Expenditures	_	3,001,566	1,406,819	464,219
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES		581,774	(109,138)	7,040
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from financing agreements			89,800	
Proceeds from sale of property			138,969	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		228,769	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		581,774	119,631	7,040
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	2,780,019	439,800	193,697
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	3,361,793 \$	559,431 \$	200,737

	Nonmajor		Total
	Governmental Funds		Governmental Funds
•	Tunus	•	Tunas
\$		\$	4,629,626
	70,091		359,131
			165,633
	396,155		524,199
	240		8,007
	10,113		10,113
	16,032	-	148,202
	492,631		5,844,911
•	,		, ,
	1,324		608,365
	76,854		568,184
			141,515
			352,572
	134,292		134,292
	9,958		1,156,080
	118,417		130,491
	23,067		1,000,234
			36,354
			109,991
			566,135
		-	432,303
	363,912	-	5,236,516
	128,719		608,395
			89,800
			138,969
			228,769
	128,719		837,164
	251,446	-	3,664,962
\$	380,165	\$	4,502,126

$\frac{\text{RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,}}{\text{AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}{\text{TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES}}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	837,164
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including capital outlays net of disposals is to increase net position.		432,303
Depreciation expense is not reflected in the governmental funds, but is recorded in the government-wide financial statements as an expense and an increase to accumulated depreciation. The net effect of current year depreciation expense is to decrease net position.		(381,616)
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets are recorded in toal on the governmental funds, but are reduced by the net book value of the assets disposed. This is a decrease to net position.	e	(61,731)
Revenue from property taxes and court fines are recognized in the fund financial statements of the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect is to increase net position.		(6,970)
Current year payments on long-term debt are expenditures in the fund financial statements, bu are shown as reductions of the debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect is to increase net position.		478,301
Current year proceeds from issuance of debt is not shown as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect is to decrease net position.	e	(89,800)
The County's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension liability and the OPEB liability as of the measurement date must be amortized and the County's proportionate share of the pension expense and postemployment benefits must be recognized. The net effect is an decrease in net position	S	(34,261)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,173,390

BALANCE SHEET FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS	_	Agency Funds
Cash and cash investments	\$_	225,858
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	225,858
LIABILITIES		
Intergovernmental payable Due to others	\$ 	217,843 8,015
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	225,858

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Fisher County, Texas (the County) is a public corporation and political subdivision organized and existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas. It was established in 1886. The County is located in West Texas and comprises a land area of 901 square miles. The county is governed by an elected Commissioners Court composed of the County Judge and four County Commissioners. It provides services involving public safety, health and social welfare, culture and recreation, conservation, and the construction, improvement, maintenance, and acquisition of roads, bridges, and rights-of-way, in addition to general administration.

The County prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Council and other authoritative sources identified in Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69 of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the State of Texas uniform accounting requirements and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The Commissioners Court (the Court) is elected by voters within Fisher County and has the authority to make decisions and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the County is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statements No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by the program's revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, fines, interest revenue, and revenue received from various governmental entities associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the County also are recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> – The Road and Bridge Fund is used to account for the resources for and the payments of expenses related to the repairs and maintenance of the County's roads and bridges.

<u>ARPA Grant Fund</u> – the ARPA Grant fund is used to account for grant funds received from the federal government issued as part of the American Rescue Plan Act.

Additionally, the government reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement or results of operations. Formal budgetary accounting is not required for fiduciary funds. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated in the government-wide statements.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues*. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

In the fund financial statements, governmental special revenue, capital improvements, and debt service funds report restrictions of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for specific purposes.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget Policies

The County follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements: Public hearings are conducted at the Fisher County Courthouse to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through adoption of an order by the Commissioners' Court. Budgets are adopted for the general fund, debt service fund, and most special revenue funds. All budget amendments are approved by the Commissioners' Court.

The budgeted amounts presented in these statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the Commissioners' Court during the year ended September 30, 2021. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Assets, Liabilities, and Net position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

Policies and legal and contractual provisions governing deposits: The County's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect county funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial credit risk: Deposits in financial institutions are carried at cost which approximates fair value. At September 30, 2020, the County had cash and cash investments, which represents cash on hand, demand deposits and savings accounts at federally insured local banks. At September 30, 2021, the County was fully insured by federal depository insurance and pledged securities held by the County's agent bank.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) money market savings accounts, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) common trust funds. The County is required by Governmental Code Chapter 2256, Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: 1) safety or principal and liquidity, 2) portfolio diversification, 3) allowable investments, 4) acceptable risk levels, 5) expected rates of return, 6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, 7) maximum average dollar weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, 8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and 9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Interest rate risk: For short term liquidity investment requirements, the County utilizes money market accounts with its depository bank.

Credit Risk: State law and County policy limits investments in local government investment pools to those rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of September 30, 2020, the County did not have any investments in public fund investment pools.

Concentration of credit risk: The County's investment policy does not limit investments in any one issuer except that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer.

As of September 30, 2021, Fisher County had the following investments:

	Cost Basis	<u> Fair Value .</u>
Certificates of Deposit-Primary Government	1,041,202	1,041,202

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds": (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Property taxes are levied on October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of January 1 to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The Fisher Central Appraisal District assesses the property taxes for the County and the Fisher County Tax Assessor Collector collects the property taxes for the County. The County is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of the State to levy taxes up to \$1.20 per \$100 of appraised valuation for general services, permanent improvements, lateral road, and jury fund purposes other than the payment of principal established by the Attorney General of the State of Texas. The tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$0.757703 per \$100 valuation.

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The County's policy is to capitalize assets costing \$5,000 or more and having an estimated life of two years or more. All capital assets are valued at their historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available.

Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments which materially extend the useful lives of the capital assets are capitalized. Depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the asset's estimated useful life as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Building Improvements	30 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Government Wide Financial Statements

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has deferred outflows of resources for the differences between projected and actual earnings for its pension plan and contributions made to the pension plan after the measurement date, but before the end of the fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has deferred inflows of resources for the differences in actual and project earnings and changes in assumptions related to the valuation of the net pension liability.

Fund Financial Statements

In addition to liabilities, the governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the governmental funds as unavailable revenues from tax revenue in the amount of \$108,730 and unearned grant funds of \$402,683.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the governmental activities. The long-term debt of the County includes notes payable, general obligation bonds, and capital leases.

Compensated Absences

The County's maintains a vacation and personal time off policy for its full-time staff. The policy provides that full time employees earn 10 days vacation per year. Vacation benefits are lost at the end of the year if not taken, thus, no accumulation is allowed under the plan. Employees also earn personal time off of 12 days per year accumulated up to a maximum of 60 days. No unused personal time off benefits are paid upon termination of employment for any reason. As such, no liability is maintained for accumulated vacation or personal time off benefits.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The County had no fund balance classified as nonspendable at September 30, 2021.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Federal or state funds are restricted for use only for a specific use.

The County's fund balance included \$559,431 restricted for road and bridge repairs, \$49,094 for special revenue projects, and \$200,737 for future debt service requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Trustees. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The County had committed funds of \$400,143 at year end.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County Commissioners' intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Commissioners or through the Commissioners delegating this responsibility to management through the budgetary process. The County had \$136,723 of funds classified as assigned at year end.

Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The County would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated subsequent events through June 30, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2: CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

The changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	October 1,			September 30,
Capital Assets	2020	Additions	Retirements	2021
Land	\$ 79,868	\$	\$	79,868
Buildings and improvements	8,264,740			8,264,740
Machinery and equipment	4,870,761	432,303	(286,682)	5,016,382
Infrastructure	245,323			245,323
				
Total capital assets	13,460,692	432,303	(286,682)	13,606,313
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,822,932	164,268		1,987,200
Machinery and equipment	3,379,302	215,351	(224,951)	3,369,702
Infrastructure	219,841	1,997		221,838
				
Total accumulated depreciation	5,422,075	381,616	(224,951)	5,578,740
Governmental activities capital assets	\$ 8,038,617	\$ 50,687	(61,731) \$	8,027,573

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 2: CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY - continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General administration	\$	23,953
Judicial		11,980
Public safety		175,763
Public facilities		8,869
Other supporting services		2,160
Road and bridge	_	158,891
_	\$	381.616

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in notes payable at September 30, 2021 is as follows:

		Balance					Balance
		October 1,					September
	-	2020	Additions		Retirements		30, 2021
Bonds and Note Payable	'-						_
General Obligation Bonds	\$	5,325,000	\$	\$	320,000	\$	5,005,000
Premium on Bond Issuance		88,613			6,330		82,283
Notes Payable		35,832		_	17,460	_	18,372
Total Long-Term debt	\$	5,449,445	\$ -	\$	343,790	\$	5,105,655

Current maturities of the outstanding long-term debt at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	343,372	\$ 139,300	\$ 482,672
2023		335,000	130,819	465,819
2024		340,000	123,218	463,218
2025		350,000	114,594	464,594
2026		360,000	104,818	464,818
2027-2031		1,550,000	306,475	1,856,475
2032-2034		1,745,000	108,716	1,853,716
	\$	5,023,372	\$ 1,027,940	\$ 6,051,312

Long-term notes and bonds payable are comprised of the following:

The General Obligation Bonds were issued 02/17/2015 in the amount of \$6,745,000. The bonds have an annual interest rate between 2.0% and 3.125%. The bonds are due in semi-annual interest and principal payments with the final payments on February 15, 2034. The balance at year end is \$5,005,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT - continued

The County entered into a note payable agreement with First National Bank Rotan on November 9, 2018 in the amount of \$52,421 to purchase a John Deer Tractor. The note is due in annual installments of \$19,341 with an interest rate of 5.25%. The final interest and principal payment is due November 9, 2021. The principal balance at September 30, 2021 is 18,372.

NOTE 4: CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

A capital lease agreement for the purchase of equipment was entered into on June 19, 2017. The original amount of the capital lease was \$202,510 and called for yearly payments of \$43,150. The final lease payment is due June 19, 2022 and the capital lease payable balance at year end was \$40,844.

A capital lease agreement for the purchase of equipment was entered into on June 4, 2020. The original amount of the capital lease was \$185,300 and called for yearly payments of \$39,453. The final lease payment is due June 4, 2025 and the capital lease payable balance at year end was \$150,042.

A capital lease agreement for the purchase of equipment was entered into on July 29, 2020. The original amount of the capital lease was \$255,300 and called for yearly payments of \$54,298. The final lease payment is due June 29, 2025 and the capital lease payable balance at year end was \$206,609.

A capital lease agreement for the purchase of equipment was entered into on August 13, 2021. The original amount of the capital lease was \$89,800 and called for yearly payments of \$18,998. The final lease payment is due October 14, 2025 and the capital lease payable balance at year end was \$89,800.

A summary of changes in the capital lease obligations at September 30, 2020 is as follows

	Balance				Balance
	October 1,				September
	2020		Additions	Retirements	30, 2021
					_
Capital Leases - Equipment \$	523,425	\$_	89,800	\$ 125,930	\$ 487,295

The remaining capital lease payments are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 149,427 \$	11,746	\$ 161,173
2023	103,453	9,482	112,935
2024	106,367	6,568	112,935
2025	109,541	3,394	112,935
2026	18,507	490	18,997
	\$ 487,295 \$	31,680	\$ 518,975

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (the TCDRS). The Commissioners are responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multi-employer public employee retirement system consisting of almost 800 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

Benefits Provided

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing the TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members employed by Fisher County can retire at age 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service, regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of employment but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefits.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLA's. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLA's, can be granted by the County Commissioners within certain guidelines.

Membership

The County membership in the TCDRS plan at December 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

Number of benefit recipients	48
Number of inactive employees entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	114
Number of active employees	69

Contributions

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the county is actuarially determined annually. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the County within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

The rate the County contributed for the months of the accounting year in 2020 and 2021 were 8.23%. The deposit rate payable by the employee members for the calendar year 2020 and 2021 is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the governing body of the County. The total retirement contributions made by the County were \$133,355 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

ariai assumptions.			
Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal		
Amortization Method:	Straight-line amortization over Expected Working Life		
Asset Valuation Method	Smoothing period, 5 years		
	Recognition method, Non-asymptotic		
	Corridor, None		
Inflation	2.50%		
Salary Increases	4.9% average over career including inflation		
Investment Rate of Return	7.60%		
Cost of Living Adjustments	Cost-of living adjustments for Fisher County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.		

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 68. The assumptions and methods are the same as used in the prior valuation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. This discount rate used for the December 31, 2020 calculation was 0.50% less than the rate that was used in prior year calculations.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used, we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. This alternative method reflects the funding requirements under our funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act:

- 1) TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20 year closed layered periods.
- 2) Under the TCRDS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy
- 3) The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4) Any increased cost due to the adoption of a cost-of-living adjustment is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future year, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, decreased by .10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS's investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2021 information for a 7-10 year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumptions for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is based on a 30-year time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The assumption for long-term expected return is reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice. The actuary relies on the expertise of Cliffwater in this assessment.

Best estimates of the geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Geometric

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

			Real Rate of Return (Expected
		Target	minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation	inflation)
	Dow Jones US Total Stock Market		
US Equities	Index	11.50%	4.25%
	Cambridge Associates Global Private		
Private Equity	Equity & Venture Capital Index	25.00%	7.25%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.55%
International Equities-			
Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.25%
International Equities-			
Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
	Bloomberg Barclays US Aggregate		
Investment Grade Bonds	Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped		
Strategic Credit	Index	9.00%	2.11%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.70%
	Cambridge Associates Distressed		
Distressed Debt	Securities Index	4.00%	5.70%
	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT's		
	Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net)		
REIT Equities	Index	2.00%	3.45%
Master Limited			
Partnerships (MLP's)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.10%
Private Real Estate	Cambridge Associates Real Estate		
Partnerships	Index	6.00%	4.90%
	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI)		
Hedge Funds	Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.85%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-0.70%

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2021, the County reported a net pension liability of \$35,054 for its proportionate share of the TCDRS's net pension liability measured at December 31, 2020. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$159,669.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

Changes in the net pension liability for the County for the measurement year ended December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)		
Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	Total Pension	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension
	Liability (a)	Position (b)	Liability/(Asset)
			(a) - (b)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 5,768,163	\$ 5,843,028	\$ (74,865)
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	179,510		179,510
Interest on total pension liability	462,639		462,639
Effect of plan changes			
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(3,031)		(3,031)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	296,971		296,971
Refund of contributions	(41,991)	(41,991)	
Benefit payments	(439,576)	(439,576)	
Administrative expenses		(4,528)	4,528
Member contributions		106,366	(106,366)
Net investment income		603,119	(603,119)
Employer contributions		125,080	(125,080)
Other		(3,867)	3,867
Balances as of December 31, 2020	\$6,222,685	\$6,187,631	\$ 35,054

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's combined net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in	Discount Rate	1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate	(7.60%)	Discount Rate	
	(6.60%)		(8.60%)	
Total Pension Liability	\$ 6,901,418	\$ 6,222,685	\$ 5,646,214	
Fiduciary Net Position	6,187,631	6,187,631	6,187,631	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 713,787	\$ 35,054	\$ (541,417)	

At December 31, 2020, the County reported its share of the TCDRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences in investment gains or losses	\$ 217,396	\$ 445,287
Changes in actuarial assumptions	197,981	-
Difference in economic/demographic gains or losses	-	6,574
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	106,795	
Total	\$ 522,172	\$ 451,861

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

\$106,795 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:		
2021	\$ 18,861	
2022	89,678	
2023	(117,003)	
2024	(28,020)	
2025	-	
Thereafter	-	
	\$ (36,484)	

Note 6: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABITY - TCDRS GROUP TERM LIFE

The County participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas County & District Retirement System known as the Group Term Life (GTL) program. This optional plan provides group term life insurance coverage to current eligible employees, and if elected by employers, to retired employees. The coverage provided to retired employees is a postemployment benefit other than pension benefits (OPEB). Retired employees are insured for \$5,000.

Contributions made to the retiree GTL program are held in the GTL Fund. The GTL Fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB 75, as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the GTL:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	40
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	14
Active employees	69

OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability related to the TCDRS GTL program, measured as of December 31, 2020 was \$228,218, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

All actuarial assumptions and methods that determine the OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 75.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Note 6: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABITY - TCDRS GROUP TERM LIFE - continued

Actuarial assumptions:

The OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	
Amortization Method	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life	
Investment Rate of Return	2.12% - 20 Year Bond GO Index published by	
	bondbuyer.com as of December 31, 2020	

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016.

Changes in the OPEB Liability	Total	OPEB
,	Liabi	lity (a)
Balance as 12/31/2019	\$	210,455
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		7,394
Interest on total OPEB liability		5,874
Change of benefit terms		
Effect of economic/demographic experience		(9,275)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		20,760
Benefit Payments		(6,990)
Other changes		
Net Changes		17,763
Balance 12/31/2019	\$	228,218

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 2.12%, as well as what the County's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.12%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.12%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase in
	in Discount	(2.12%)	Discount Rate
	Rate (1.12%)	, , , ,	(3.12%)
County's OPEB Liability	\$ 269,515	\$ 228,218	\$ 196,210

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense (benefit) of \$18,832.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Note 6: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABITY - TCDRS GROUP TERM LIFE - continued

At September 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience		
Changes in actuarial assumptions	39,859	6,561
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,365	10,251
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,748	
Total	\$ 47,972	\$ 16,812

The deferred outflows balance includes contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$6,748. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability for the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:									
2021	\$ 5,565								
2022	6,496								
2023	10,054								
2024	2,297								
2025									
Thereafter									
Total	\$ 24,412								

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the County purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The County has estimated that the fair value of all financial instruments (none of which is held for trading purposes) at September 30, 2021, does not differ materially from their aggregate carrying values recorded in the accompanying statement of financial position. The estimate is based on the assumption that fair value approximates carrying values due to short initial maturities. Financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivables, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, and payroll liabilities.



	_	Ві	ıdge	et		Variance
DEVENTE	_	Original	_	Amended	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES: Property taxes	\$	3,064,258	Ф	3,064,258 \$	3,214,383	\$ 150,125
Fees and charges for services	Ф	130,700	Ф	130,700	165,633	34,933
Intergovernmental		55,833		55,833	128,044	72,211
Investment earnings		35,050		35,050	7,767	(27,283)
Other miscellaneous		32,287		32,287	67,513	35,226
Total Revenues	_		_			
Total Revenues	_	3,318,128	-	3,318,128	3,583,340	265,212
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General administration		652,138		610,349	607,041	3,308
Judicial		531,522		535,908	491,330	44,578
Legal		141,975		142,712	141,515	1,197
Financial administration		358,639		359,550	352,572	6,978
Public safety		1,209,949		1,238,798	1,146,122	92,676
Health and welfare		19,000		19,000	12,074	6,926
Economic development		45,140		45,203	36,354	8,849
Other supported services		109,401		109,962	109,991	(29)
Capital outlay	-	105,000	-	105,000	104,567	433
Total Expenditures	_	3,172,764	_	3,166,482	3,001,566	164,916
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		145,364		151,646	581,774	430,128
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from financing agreements Proceeds from sale of property	_					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		145,364		151,646	581,774	430,128
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR Adjustment to beginning fund balance	_	2,780,019		2,780,019	2,780,019	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	2,925,383	\$_	2,931,665	3,361,793	\$ 430,128

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	_	Ві	udg	get			Variance Favorable	
	_	Original		Amended		Actual		vorable favorable)
REVENUES: Property taxes Licenses and permits	\$	943,942 244,000	\$	943,942 \$ 244,000	\$	943,984 S 289,040	\$	42 45,040
Intergovernmental		,		,		,		,
Other miscellaneous	-	58,695		58,695	-	64,657		5,962
Total Revenues	_	1,246,637		1,246,637	_	1,297,681		51,044
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Road and bridge		1,130,076		1,189,177		977,167		212,010
Debt service Capital outlay		113,723		113,723 28,250		101,916 327,736	(11,807 (299,486)
	-			20,200	-	327,730		2,5,100)
Total Expenditures	_	1,243,799		1,331,150	_	1,406,819		(75,669)
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		2,838		(84,513)		(109,138)		(24,625)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Financing arrangements Proceeds from sale of property	_				_	89,800 138,969		89,800 138,969
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_					228,769		228,769
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,838		(84,513)		119,631		204,144
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	439,800		439,800	_	439,800		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	442,638	\$_	355,287	\$_	559,431	\$	204,144

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

<u>Texas County & District Retirement System</u> For Fiscal Year 2021

Year Ending September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll (1)	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2011	\$ 86,800	\$ 86,930	\$ (130)	\$ 1,146,628	\$ 7.58%
2012	104,368	104,368	=	1,280,584	8.15%
2013	109,547	111,184	(1,637)	1,364,217	8.15%
2014	114,848	114,848	-	1,395,480	8.23%
2015	116,314	118,768	(2,454)	1,443,105	8.23%
2016	111,260	117,243	(5,983)	1,424,585	8.23%
2017	78,903	94,397	(15,494)	1,153,551	8.18%
2018	126,248	145,725	(19,477)	1,770,655	8.23%
2019	117,069	129,233	(12,164)	1,569,290	8.24%
2020	106,366	125,080	(18,714)	1,519,511	8.23%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Note A: Net Pension Liability - Texas County & District Retirement System

Assumptions

The following methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 11.4 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2019 valuation)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by age and service. 4.6%, average over career, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement age assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement

for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of

the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with

110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Changes in Assumptions and

Methods Reflected in the Schedule of

Employer Contributions

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected

2019: New inflation, mortality, and other assumptions were reflected

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected

in the Schedule of Employer Contributions 2015 and 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017

2018: Employer Contributions reflect that the current service matching rate

was increased to 150% for future benefits.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

<u>Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)</u> YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

		2020		2019		2018	2017
Total Pension Liability							
Service cost	\$	179,510	\$	183,491	\$	117,973 \$	6 161,940
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		462,639		451,208		425,473	414,905
Effect of plan changes		-		-		-	47,838
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		296,971		-		-	39,431
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses		(3,031)		(13,659)		161,279	(70,163)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(481,567)	_	(470,536)	_	(435,214)	(404,426)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		454,522		150,504		269,511	189,525
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	5,768,163		5,617,659		5,348,149	5,158,624
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$_	6,222,685	\$_	5,768,163	\$_	5,617,660	5,348,149
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer	\$	125,080	\$	129,233	\$	145,725 \$	94,937
Contributions - Employee		106,366		109,850		123,946	80,749
Net Investment Income		603,119		858,673		(104,423)	728,021
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(481,567)		(470,535)		(435,214)	(404,426)
Administrative Expense		(4,528)		(4,454)		(4,199)	(3,662)
Other		(3,867)		(7,109)		(4,379)	(2,478)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		344,603		615,658		(278,544)	493,141
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	_	5,843,028		5,227,370	_	5,505,914	5,012,774
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$_	6,187,631	\$_	5,843,028	\$_	5,227,370	5,505,915
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	35,054	\$	(74,865)	\$	390,290	(157,766)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of							
Total Pension Liability		99.44%		101.30%		93.05%	102.95%
Covered Employee Payroll		1,519,511		1,569,290		1,770,655	3 1,153,551
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		2.31%		-4.77%		22.04%	-13.68%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

<u>Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)</u>

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

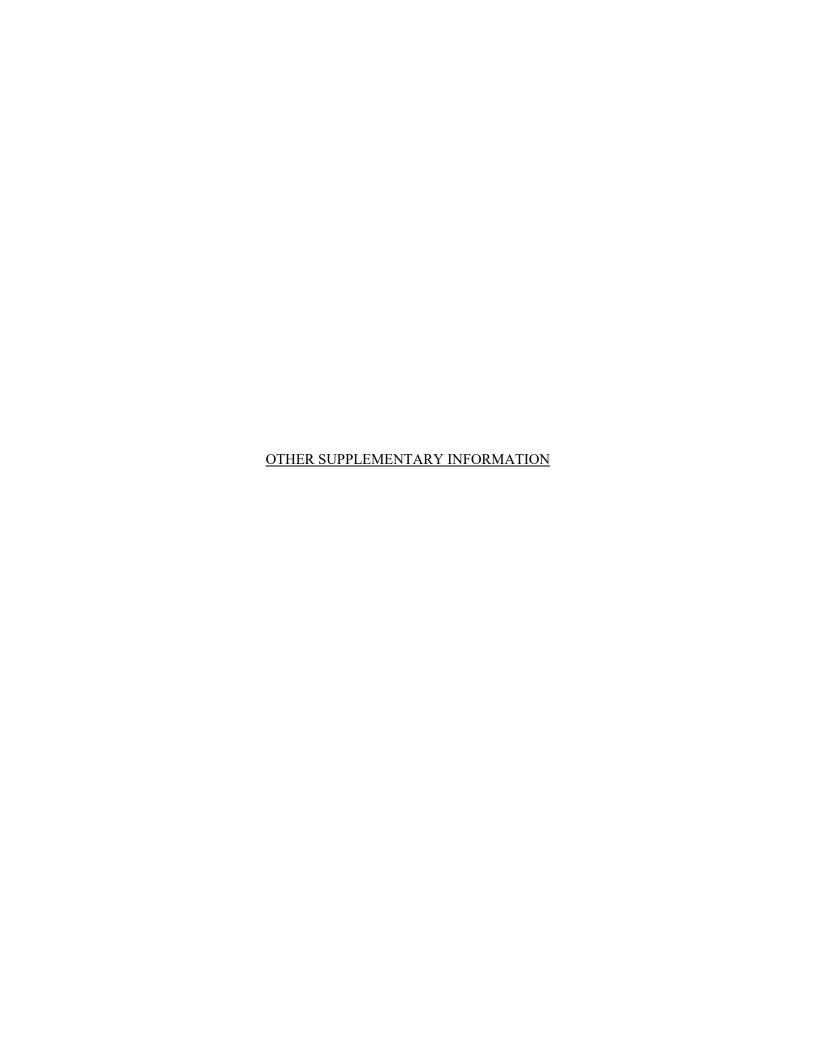
	_	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$	147,394 \$	138,402	\$ 142,150
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		392,073	377,583	361,409
Changes of benefit terms			(18,859)	-
Difference between expected and actual experience			64,221	-
Change of assumptions		39,781	1,615	(12,705)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(370,335)	(362,305)	(262,774)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		208,913	200,657	228,080
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	4,949,711	4,749,054	4,520,974
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$_	5,158,624 \$	4,949,711	\$ 4,749,054
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$	117,243 \$	118,768	\$ 114,848
Contributions - Employee		99,721	101,017	97,684
Net Investment Income		351,143	67,287	310,150
Benefit payments, including refunds		(370,335)	(362,305)	(262,774)
Administrative Expense		(3,805)	(3,408)	(3,556)
Other	_	84,340	64,967	(4,395)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		278,307	(13,674)	251,957
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	_	4,734,467	4,748,142	4,496,185
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$_	5,012,774 \$	4,734,468	\$ 4,748,142
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	145,850 \$	215,243	\$ 912
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of				
Total Pension Liability		97.17%	95.65%	99.98%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1,424,585 \$	1,443,105	\$ 1,395,480
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		10.24%	14.92%	0.07%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

<u>Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)</u>

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability Group Term Life Insurance							
Service cost	\$	7,394	\$	5,891	\$	5,358 \$	7,025
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		5,874		7,017		6,460	7,103
Effect of plan changes		-		-		-	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		20,760		36,518		(16,401)	6,705
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses		(9,275)		2,275		(1,399)	(11,363)
Benefit payments, including refunds	_	(6,990)	_	(12,868)	_	(9,562)	(6,345)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		17,763		38,833		(15,544)	3,125
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	_	210,455	_	171,622	_	187,166	184,041
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$_	228,218	\$	210,455	\$	171,622 \$	187,166
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		-		-		-	-
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$_	228,218	\$_	210,455	\$	171,622 \$	187,166
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage							
of Total OPEB Liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1,519,511	\$	1,569,290	\$	1,770,655 \$	1,153,551
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage							
of Covered Employee Payroll		15.02%		13.41%		9.69%	16.23%



ASSETS	-	Lateral Road Precinct 1	 Lateral Road Precinct 2	 Lateral Road Precinct 3	Lateral Road Precinct 4
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	1,289	\$ 1,856	\$ (44) \$	3,142
Total Assets	\$ _	1,289	\$ 1,856	\$ (44) \$	3,142
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Due to others	\$		\$	\$ 2,535 \$	
Total Liabilities	-			 2,535	
FUND EQUITY					
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	_	1,289	 1,856	 (2,579)	3,142
Total Fund Balance	-	1,289	 1,856	 (2,579)	3,142
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	1,289	\$ 1,856	\$ (44) \$	3,142

ASSETS	Court Records Preservation	. <u>-</u>	C&D Court Technology	•	District Court Records Technology	 Commissary
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 6,103	\$	660	\$	5,422	\$ 3,337
Total Assets	\$ 6,103	\$_	660	\$	5,422	\$ 3,337
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Due to others	\$	\$		\$		\$
Total Liabilities						
FUND EQUITY						
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	6,103	. <u>-</u>	660	•	5,422	 3,337
Total Fund Balance	6,103		660		5,422	 3,337
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 6,103	\$_	660	\$	5,422	\$ 3,337

ASSETS	_	Election Services		County Escrow Fund		County Clerk Archives		Judicial Training Fund
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	1,873	\$	18,679	\$	89,951	\$	1,161
Total Assets	\$ _	1,873	\$_	18,679	\$_	89,951	\$_	1,161
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Due to others	\$		\$		\$	1,896	\$	
Total Liabilities	_					1,896	_	
FUND EQUITY								
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	_	1,873		18,679	. <u>-</u>	88,055		1,161
Total Fund Balance	_	1,873		18,679		88,055		1,161
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,873	\$	18,679	\$_	89,951	\$	1,161

ASSETS	_	County Clerk Preservation		Law Library Fund	. <u>-</u>	District Clerk Preservation		Court House Security
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	57,219	\$	16,862	\$	2,120	\$	35,420
Total Assets	\$ =	57,219	\$	16,862	\$_	2,120	\$_	35,420
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Due to others	\$	189	\$		\$		\$	
Total Liabilities	_	189	_				. <u>-</u>	
FUND EQUITY								
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	_	57,030	<u> </u>	16,862	. <u>-</u>	2,120	<u> </u>	35,420
Total Fund Balance	-	57,030	-	16,862	_	2,120		35,420
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ _	57,219	\$	16,862	\$_	2,120	\$	35,420

ASSETS		County Preservation	_	Hot Check Fund	-	Bail Bond Fund	_	State Criminal and Civil Fees
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	4,436	\$	3,161	\$	39,841	\$	126,150
Total Assets	\$	4,436	\$ =	3,161	\$	39,841	\$	126,150
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Due to others	\$		\$		\$		\$	8,106
Total Liabilities			_		-		-	8,106
FUND EQUITY								
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance		4,436	_	3,161		39,841	_	118,044
Total Fund Balance	•	4,436	_	3,161	Ē	39,841	-	118,044
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	4,436	\$_	3,161	\$	39,841	\$	126,150

ASSETS	_	Senior Citizens Fund		Leose Grant		Justice Court Technology	- <u>-</u>	Drug Forfeiture
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	(186,855)	\$	3,619	\$	10,424	\$	38,606
Total Assets	\$_	(186,855)	\$	3,619	\$_	10,424	\$_	38,606
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Due to others	\$	4,699	\$		\$		\$	
Total Liabilities	_	4,699			. <u>-</u>			
FUND EQUITY								
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance		(191,554)		3,619		10,424		38,606
Total Fund Balance	_	(191,554)	_	3,619	· -	10,424	· -	38,606
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	(186,855)	\$	3,619	\$_	10,424	\$_	38,606

ASSETS	_	Airport Fund	_	Pre-Trial Checking	TIF Grant Fund		Water Grant Fund
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	(14,196)	\$	39,397	\$ 90,877	\$	(2,875)
Total Assets	\$ _	(14,196)	\$ _	39,397	\$ 90,877	\$	(2,875)
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Due to others	\$	45	\$		\$	\$	
Total Liabilities	_	45	_				
FUND EQUITY							
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	_	(14,241)	_	39,397	90,877		(2,875)
Total Fund Balance	<u>-</u>	(14,241)	_	39,397	90,877	. ,	(2,875)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	(14,196)	\$	39,397	\$ 90,877	\$	(2,875)

ASSETS	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Cash and cash investments	\$ 397,635
Intergovernmental receivable	
Total Assets	\$397,635
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 9,364
Due to others	8,106
Total Liabilities	17,470
FUND EQUITY	
Restricted fund balances	49,094
Committed fund balances	400,143
Assigned fund balances	136,723
Unassigned fund balance	(205,795)
Total Fund Balance	380,165
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$397,635

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Lateral Road Precinct 1		Lateral Road Precinct 2		Lateral Road Precinct 3	Lateral Road Precinct 4
REVENUES: Licenses and Permits	\$	¢	\$		\$	\$	
Intergovernmental	Ф	5,109	Φ	5,109	Ф	5,109	5,109
Investment Earnings		-,		-,		-,	-,
Contributions & Donations							
Other Revenue			_		•		
Total Revenues		5,109	_	5,109		5,109	5,109
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Judicial							
Elections							
Public Safety							
Public Works		5 122		£ 122		7.669	5 122
Highways & Streets Health and Welfare		5,133		5,133		7,668	5,133
Capital							
Total Expenditures		5,133	_	5,133		7,668	5,133
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(24)		(24)		(2,559)	(24)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in							
Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_			·	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			-		•		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(24)		(24)		(2,559)	(24)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,313	_	1,880		(20)	3,166
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,289 \$	\$_	1,856	\$	(2,579) \$	3,142

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Court Records Preservation	C&D Court Technology	District Court Records Technology		Commissary
REVENUES:				•	
Licenses and Permits	\$ \$		\$	\$	
Intergovernmental	590	78	560		
Investment Earnings					41
Contributions & Donations					
Other Revenue				·	
Total Revenues	590	78	560	•	41
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Judicial					
Elections					
Public Safety					
Public Works					
Highways & Streets					
Health and Welfare					
Capital					
Total Expenditures				·	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	590	78	560		41
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in					
Transfers out					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	590	78	560		41
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,513	582	4,862	,	3,296
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,103 \$	660	\$ 5,422	\$	3,337

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Election Services		County Escrow Fund	County Clerk Archives		Judicial Training Fund
REVENUES:	_					-	
Licenses and Permits	\$		\$		\$	\$	
Intergovernmental		2,115			36,682		145
Investment Earnings							
Contributions & Donations							
Other Revenue	_					-	
Total Revenues	_	2,115			36,682	. <u>-</u>	145
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Judicial					17,408		
Elections		1,324					
Public Safety							
Public Works							
Highways & Streets							
Health and Welfare							
Capital	_				17.100	-	
Total Expenditures	_	1,324			17,408	-	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		791			19,274		145
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in							
Transfers out	_					_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_				-	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		791			19,274		145
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	1,082		18,679	68,781	-	1,016
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	1,873	\$_	18,679	\$ 88,055	\$	1,161

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		County Clerk Preservation		Law Library Fund	District Clerk Preservation		Court House Security
REVENUES:	•		_		-	-	
Licenses and Permits	\$		\$	\$		\$	
Intergovernmental		37,237		2,135	297		5,886
Investment Earnings							
Contributions & Donations							
Other Revenue	•		-			-	
Total Revenues	•	37,237		2,135	297	. <u>-</u>	5,886
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Judicial		5,955					400
Elections							
Public Safety							
Public Works							
Highways & Streets							
Health and Welfare							
Capital						_	
Total Expenditures	•	5,955				_	400
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		31,282		2,135	297		5,486
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in							
Transfers out			-			-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•		-			-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		31,282		2,135	297		5,486
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	•	25,748	. <u>-</u>	14,727	1,823	. <u>-</u>	29,934
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	57,030	\$_	16,862	2,120	\$_	35,420

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		County Preservation	Hot Check Fund	Bail Bond Fund	State Criminal and Civil Fees
REVENUES:	-				
Licenses and Permits	\$	\$		\$ 150 \$,
Intergovernmental		422			395
Investment Earnings					
Contributions & Donations					
Other Revenue	-		2,322	11,655	500
Total Revenues	-	422	2,322	11,805	57,211
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Judicial			1,927	7,550	43,614
Elections					
Public Safety					
Public Works					
Highways & Streets					
Health and Welfare					
Capital	-		1.027	7.550	42.614
Total Expenditures	-		1,927	7,550	43,614
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		422	395	4,255	13,597
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in					
Transfers out	_				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		422	395	4,255	13,597
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	4,014	2,766	35,586	104,447
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	4,436 \$	3,161	\$ \$ 39,841 \$	118,044

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Senior Citizens Fund		Leose Grant		Justice Court Technology	Drug Forfeiture
REVENUES:	_				•		
Licenses and Permits	\$		\$		\$	\$	
Intergovernmental		74,369		1,332		1,519	
Investment Earnings							119
Contributions & Donations		10,113					
Other Revenue	-						1,555
Total Revenues	_	84,482	_	1,332		1,519	1,674
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Judicial							
Elections							
Public Safety				1,500			8,458
Public Works							
Highways & Streets							
Health and Welfare		118,417					
Capital							
Total Expenditures	- -	118,417		1,500			8,458
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(33,935)		(168)		1,519	(6,784)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in							
Transfers out							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	=		_				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(33,935)		(168)		1,519	(6,784)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	(157,619)		3,787		8,905	45,390
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	(191,554)	\$	3,619	\$	10,424 \$	38,606

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	•	Airport Fund	Pre-Trial Checking	-	TIF Grant Fund		Water Grant Fund
REVENUES: Licenses and Permits	\$	5,955 \$	7,670	Ф		¢	
Intergovernmental	Ф	3,933 \$	7,670	\$	184,782	\$	27,175
Investment Earnings			80		104,702		27,173
Contributions & Donations							
Other Revenue							
	-			-			
Total Revenues	-	5,955	7,750	-	184,782		27,175
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Judicial							
Elections							
Public Safety							
Public Works		10,337			93,905		30,050
Highways & Streets							
Health and Welfare Capital							
Total Expenditures	-	10,337		-	93,905		30,050
Total Experiences		10,557		-	75,705		30,030
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(4,382)	7,750		90,877		(2,875)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			,		,		(, , ,
Transfers in							
Transfers out	-			-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-			-			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(4,382)	7,750		90,877		(2,875)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		(9,859)	31,647	-			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	(14,241) \$	39,397	\$	90,877	\$	(2,875)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Total
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	
Licenses and Permits	\$ 70,091
Intergovernmental	396,155
Investment Earnings	240
Contributions & Donations	10,113
Other Revenue	16,032
Total Revenues	280,674
EXPENDITURES:	
Current:	
Judicial	76,854
Elections	1,324
Public Safety	9,958
Public Works	134,292
Highways & Streets	23,067
Health and Welfare	118,417
Capital	
Total Expenditures	239,957
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES	
OVER EXPENDITURES	128,719
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Transfers in	
Transfers out	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	128,719
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	251,446
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$380,165

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

		Balance						Balance
DIM A TEL DILONE EUND		October 1,		A 1.1%		D 1 (September 30,
INMATE PHONE FUND	_	2020		Additions	_	Deductions		2021
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	4,210	\$_	3,805	\$_		\$	8,015
Total Assets	\$ _	4,210	\$_	3,805	\$		\$	8,015
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	4,210	\$	3,805	\$		\$	8,015
Total Liabilities	\$	4,210	\$	3,805	\$		\$	8,015
AGECNY FUNDS								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	223,447	\$	516,614	\$	522,218	\$	217,843
Total Assets	\$	223,447	\$	516,614	\$	522,218	\$	217,843
Liabilities:	_				_		_	
Due to other governments	\$	223,447	\$	516,614	\$	522,218	\$	217,843
Due to others								
Total Liabilities	\$	223,447	\$	516,614	\$	522,218	\$	217,843
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	227,657	\$	520,419	\$	522,218	\$	225,858
Total Assets	\$	227,657	\$	520,419	\$	522,218	\$	225,858
Liabilities:	_		-					
Due to other governments	\$	223,447	\$	516,614	\$	522,218	\$	217,843
Due to others	•	4,210		3,805		, -	·	8,015
Total Liabilities	s -	227,657	\$	520,419	\$	522,218	\$	225,858
1 out Liuominos	Ψ =	221,031	Ψ	520,117	Ψ	322,210	Ψ	223,030